

GROWING COLORS



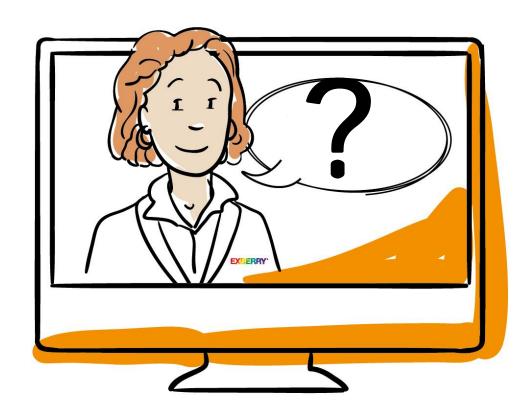


1

## What are Coloring Foods?



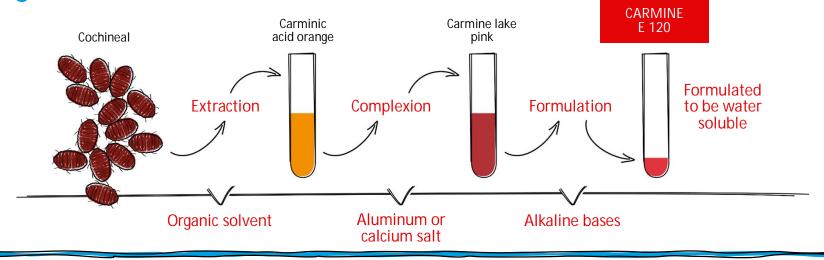
## What are Coloring Foods?

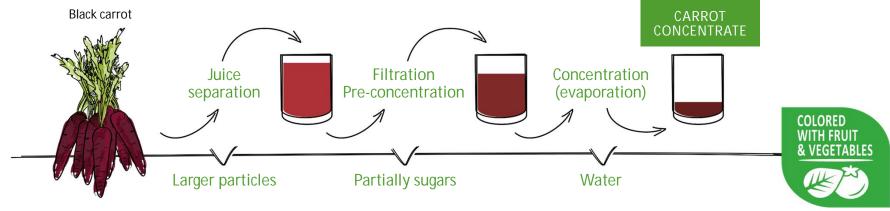


- "Food ingredients with coloring properties"
- "Concentrates of fruits and vegetables"
- "Coloring food with food"
- "No additives different from colorants"



## Coloring Foods versus additive colorants





Labelling recommendation within the EU Coloring food (concentrate of carrot, ...) or concentrate (carrot, ...).



## Raw materials for color opportunities





## EXBERRY® experience

#### Tasting of three different EXBERRY® products. Which raw materials do you taste?

- 1. EXBERRY® Shade Mandarin
- 2. EXBERRY® Shade Vivid Red
- 3. EXBERRY® Shade Blue HP
- → Carrot + Apple
- → Carrot + Blackcurrant
- → Spirulina



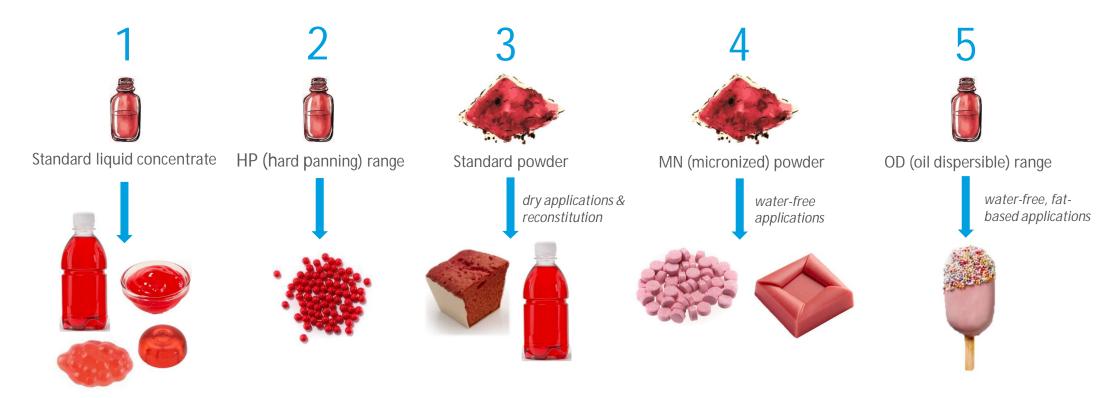


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# What type of EXBERRY® products exist?

#### **EXBERRY**®

## EXBERRY® ranges





GNT offers more EXBERRY® ranges for specific purposes, e.g. the OS (oil soluble) range. We also have organic EXBERRY® products in our portfolio (liquids and powders).



#### **Product parameters**

Ingredients: Sugar, dextrose, maltodextrin, citric acid, tri-sodium citrate 10 g powder mix per 100 mL water pH 3.0 when reconstituted with still water

#### [%] w/w [%] w/w EXBERRY® Shade. Yellow 0.70 0.070 Yellow - MN Powder Yellow - MN Powder 0.70 0.070 Orange 0.30 0.030 Rubescent Red - MN Powder Rubescent Red - MN Powder 1.00 0.100 Red Pink 0.50 0.050 Pink - MN Powder Purple - MN Powder 0.50 0.050 Plum 0.50 0.050 Blue - MN Powder Purple 0.25 Pink - MN Powder 0.025 0.80 Blue - MN Powder 0.080 Violet 0.15 Pink - MN Powder 0.015 Blue - MN Powder Blue 1.00 0.100 1.00 0.100 Blue - MN Powder Green 0.50 0.050 Yellow - MN Powder 0.80 0.08 Blue - MN Powder Lime Green 0.70 0.07 Yellow - MN Powder

## Instant powder beverage application







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## What is important when using EXBERRY®?

#### **EXBERRY**®

## 

- 1. In front of you are three small bottles with buffer solutions (pH 3, 4 and 7).
- 2. If you choose one of these EXBERRY® products (RED), add 2 drops into the buffer solutions:
  - Lemon Yellow
  - Sunstone Orange
  - Rubescent Red
  - Vivid Red
  - Brilliant Pink
  - Purple Plum
- 3. If you choose one of these EXBERRY® products (BLUE), add 4 drops into the buffer solutions:
  - Yellow Cloudy
  - Mandarin
  - Fiesta Pink
  - Green
  - Blue HP
  - Golden Brown



## Properties of RED, PINK & PURPLE **EXBERRY®** products



### Product overview: Red, Pink and Purple EXBERRY®

Product parameters: 8° Brix pH 3.0

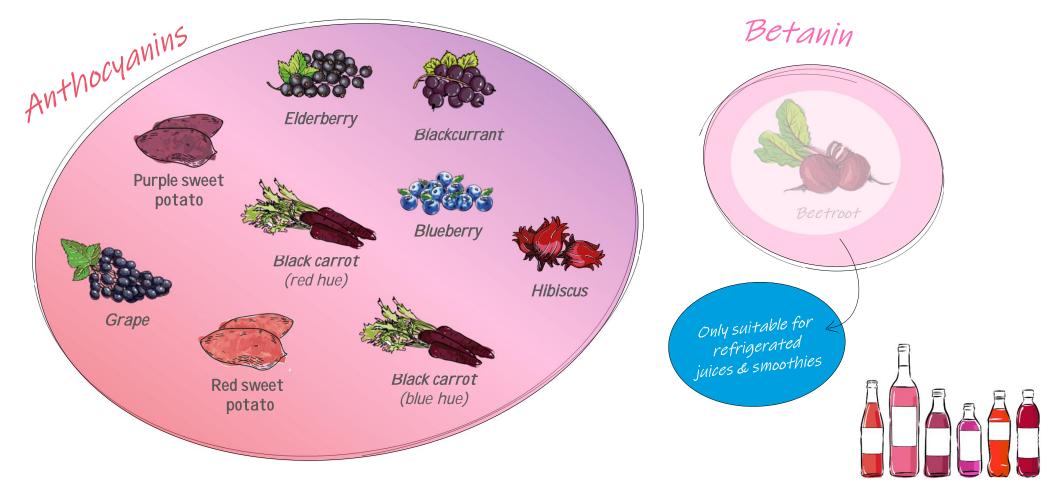
Cold preserved Color 1



- All red, pink and purple EXBERRY® products suitable for acidic non-alcoholic beverages are completely water soluble and give a clear solution.
- Depending on the raw material, a variety of color hues from yellowish red to bluish red can be achieved.



## Pigments in Red, Pink and Purple EXBERRY® raw materials





## 

- 1. Add 10 drops of EXBERRY® Shade Vivid Red into the beaker with tap water (2 L) and mix.
  - Take a sample by pouring the colored water into one of the small beakers.
- 2. Add 1 drop of citric acid solution (50 % w/w) to the beaker and mix. Take a sample.
- 3. Add a whole pipette of citric acid solution to the beaker and mix.

  Take a sample.
- What do you see?

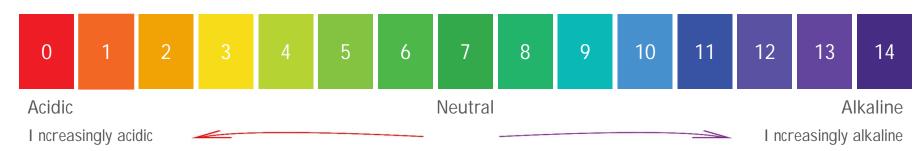




## Beverage parameters: pH value

#### pH value

- Measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a solution
- Ranges from 0 to 14





## Beverage parameters: pH value

#### pH value

- Measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a solution
- Ranges from 0 to 14



#### **EXBERRY**®

## Red, Pink and Purple EXBERRY®: Influence of pH value

Product parameters: Buffers pH 2 - 7 Cold preserved

Appearance of RED, PINK & PURPLE EXBERRY® at different pH values

pH 2 pH 3 pH 4 pH 5 pH 6 pH 7

0.05% EXBERRY® Shade Rubescent Red (Sweet potato, carrot)

0.03% EXBERRY® Shade Vivid Red (Carrot, blackcurrant)

0.03% EXBERRY® Shade Brilliant Pink (Sweet potato, carrot)

0.03% EXBERRY® Shade Purple Plum (Carrot, blueberry)

0.13% EXBERRY® Shade Fiesta Pink (Beetroot, carrot)



EXBERRY® made from beetroot are not pH dependent.

EXBERRY® products made from red fruits and vegetables that contain anthocyanins are pH dependent.

ВКО

[@Vine, Helen] [@Ringkamp, Sarah] [@Krimmel, Björn] Are we able to further expand on the raw materials? So red sweet potato not just sweet potato? Or do you want to keep them generic?

Briers, Kati, 2024-08-22T15:59:48.084



## Red, Pink and Purple EXBERRY®: Influence of heat

Product parameters: 8 °Brix pH 3.0

- Red, Pink and Purple EXBERRY® containing anthocyanin-based raw materials are very stable against heat.
- EXBERRY® Shade Fiesta Pink which contains beetroot (pigment: betanin) is less heat stable.
  - > Ascorbic acid can help to reduce color loss during pasteurization to some extent.
  - Nevertheless, color loss over shelf life will still be <u>worse</u> compared to all other Red, Pink and Purple EXBERRY® products (stored at non-refrigerated conditions).



## Red, Pink and Purple EXBERRY®: Color stability

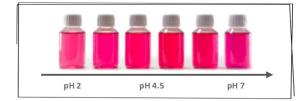
#### Raw Materials



- Red, Pink and Purple EXBERRY® made from raw materials containing anthocyanins are:
  - Heat stable
  - Light stable
  - pH dependent



- Pink EXBERRY® made from raw materials containing betanin are:
  - Less heat stable
  - Less light stable
  - pH independent



Light and heat stability can be improved with **ascorbic acid** addition.





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## Properties of YELLOW & ORANGE **EXBERRY®** products



## 

- 1. In front of you are two bottles containing instant beverage powders.
- 2. Fill water into the bottles and shake well.
- What do you see?



0.10 % EXBERRY® Shade Lemon Yellow - Powder



0.12 % EXBERRY® Shade Yellow - Cloudy Powder

#### **EXBERRY**®

### Product overview: Yellow and Orange EXBERRY®

Product parameters: 8° Brix pH 3.0 Cold preserved



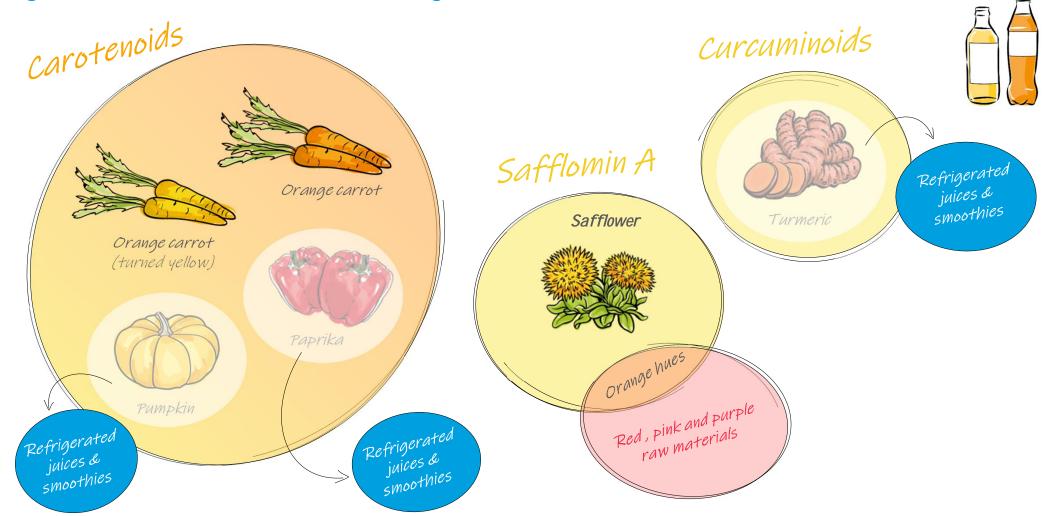
- EXBERRY® Shade Lemon Yellow and Sunstone Orange are completely water soluble
- Clear yellow and orange EXBERRY® products contain safflower as one raw material



- EXBERRY® Shade Yellow Cloudy Powder and Mandarin are not completely water soluble but can be dispersed in water
- Cloudy EXBERRY® products are based on raw materials like carrot

## Pigments in Yellow and Orange EXBERRY® raw materials







## Yellow EXBERRY®: Influence of pH value



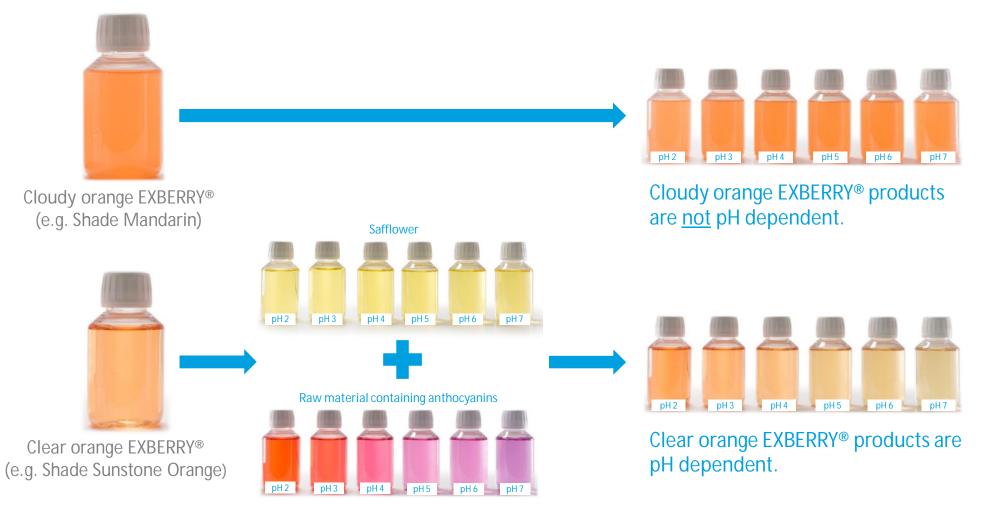
0.03 % Shade Lemon Yellow (safflower, lemon)

0.13 % Shade Yellow - Cloudy Powder (carrot, pumpkin)

Yellow EXBERRY® products are <u>not</u> pH dependent.



## Orange EXBERRY®: Influence of pH value





## 

- 1. Mix 5 drops EXBERRY® Shade Mandarin with 80 mL invert sugar in a small bottle (2 x).
- 2. Add 20 mL sunflower oil to the first bottle and 20 mL invert sugar to the other bottle.
- 3. Shake both bottles heavily.
- What do you see?
- EXBERRY® Shade Mandarin contains orange carrot concentrate which contains carotenoids.
- Carotenoids are soluble in fat and the color shade shifts from reddish orange to yellowish orange with increasing fat content.





## Yellow and Orange EXBERRY® products: Color stability

#### Raw Materials



- Clear yellow and orange EXBERRY® made from raw materials containing safflomin A (safflower) are:
  - Light and heat stable
  - pH dependent (only clear orange EXBERRY®)
- Cloudy EXBERRY® products made from raw materials containing carotenoids are:
  - Light stable (highly dependent on application)
  - Heat stable
  - pH independent

Light stability can be highly improved with antioxidants like ascorbic acid.

- Cloudy EXBERRY® made from raw materials containing curcumin (turmeric) are:
  - · Less light stable
  - Heat stable (heat can increase color intensity)
  - pH independent





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BK0 0

[@Krimmel, Björn] we don't outline the need for AA or hydrocolloids with carotenoids in this section. Do you think we should mention it briefly?

Briers, Kati, 2024-08-22T15:37:43.805

[@Briers, Kati] I usually mention it briefly on slide 29 when we talk about clear and cloudy EXB

Krimmel, Björn, 2024-08-23T06:08:42.671



## Properties of **BLUE & GREEN EXBERRY®** products

#### Product overview: Blue and Green EXBERRY®



Product parameters: Buffer pH 7



0.25% EXBERRY® Shade Blue - HP (spirulina)



0.125% EXBERRY® Shade Green (spirulina, safflower)



0.23% FXBFRRY® (turmeric, spirulina)



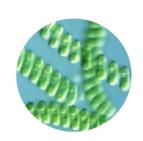
0.23% FXBFRRY® Shade Jade Green Shade Lime Green (turmeric, spirulina)





- All blue and green EXBERRY® products are completely water soluble or water dispersible depending on their raw material composition.
- The blue color is coming from the Spirulina algae\*.
- Coloring pigment is called phycocyanin.

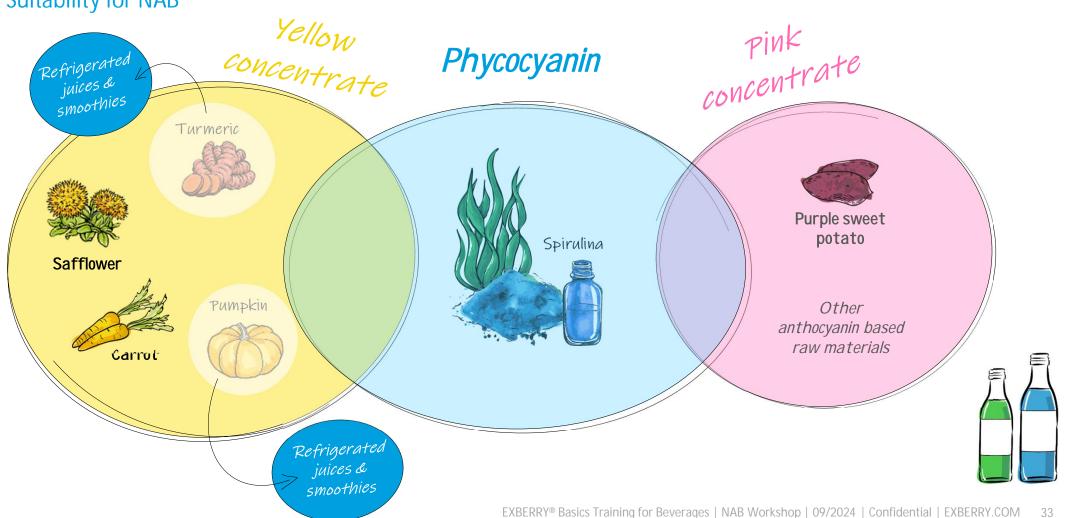




\*The common name "Spirulina" refers to the dried biomass of Arthrospira platensis.

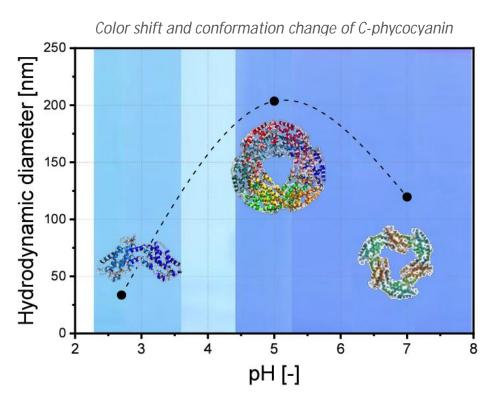


#### Pigments in Blue, Green and Violet EXBERRY® raw materials Suitability for NAB





## Blue and Green EXBERRY® products: Influence of pH value



Color shifts from purple blue to aqua blue as the pH value decreases due to the change in protein quaternary structure.





#### Part 1:

- 1. Mix 20 drops EXBERRY® Shade Blue HP with a full pipette of citric acid solution (50 % w/w).
- 2. Add 200 mL invert sugar and mix again.

#### Part 2:

- 1. Mix 20 drops EXBERRY® Shade Blue HP with 200 mL invert sugar.
- 2. Add a full pipette of citric acid solution and stir again.
- What do you see?







#### Part 1:

- 1. Mix 20 drops EXBERRY® Shade Blue HP with a full pipette of citric acid solution (50 % w/w).
- 2. Add 200 mL invert sugar and mix again.

#### Part 2:

- 1. Mix 20 drops EXBERRY® Shade Blue HP with 200 mL invert sugar.
- 2. Add a full pipette of citric acid solution and stir again.
- What do you see?
- Direct contact of blue and green EXBERRY® with acids should be avoided.
- Blue and green EXBERRY® are sensitive to acid.



Part 1



- 1. Mix half a pipette EXBERRY® Shade Blue HP with 1 L invert sugar in a pot.
  - Fill ~100 mL) into a beaker and do not heat it (reference sample).
- 2. Heat the rest of the colored syrup to 70 °C.
  - Fill ~100 mL into a second beaker.
- 3. Bring the rest of the syrup to the boil.
  - Fill ~100 mL into a third beaker.
- What do you see?



EXBERRY®: Experiment



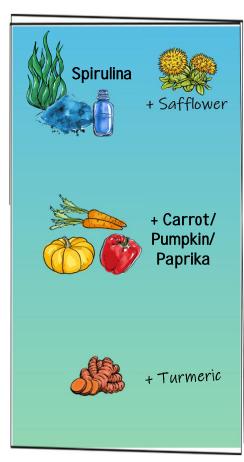
- 1. Mix half a pipette EXBERRY® Shade Blue HP with 1 L invert sugar in a pot.
  - > Fill ~100 mL) into a beaker and do not heat it (reference sample).
- 2. Heat the rest of the colored syrup to 70 °C.
  - Fill ~100 mL into a second beaker.
- 3. Bring the rest of the syrup to the boil.
  - Fill ~100 mL into a third beaker.
- What do you see?
- High temperatures of blue and green EXBERRY® products should be avoided.
- Color degradation already starts at temperatures > 60°C.
- Important parameters beside the temperature itself are holding time, water availability and the dosage level of EXBERRY®.





### Blue and Green EXBERRY® products: Color stability

#### Raw Materials



- Clear blue or green EXBERRY® made from raw materials containing phycocyanin (spirulina) and safflomin A (safflower) are:
  - Light stable
  - Heat and acid sensitive
- Cloudy green EXBERRY® products made from raw materials containing phycocyanin and carotenoids are:
  - Light stable (highly dependent on application)
  - Heat and acid sensitive
- Cloudy green EXBERRY® made from raw materials containing phycocyanin and curcuminoids (turmeric) are:
  - Less light stable
  - · Heat and acid sensitive

Light stability can be highly

improved with antioxidants

like ascorbic acid



#### What about Blue, Green and Violet low pH beverages?

- Natural Blue, Green and Violet are currently no options for low pH beverages (except juices and smoothies).
- Spirulina is the only natural blue currently approved for food in US, Europe, and codex countries.
- Spirulina has historically not been an option due to stability issues (low pH value, water activity, pasteurization).

#### **GNT FORMULATION SOLUTION (PATENTED)**



Solution stabilizes spirulina and prevents protein aggregation during storage and thermal processing



Allows for a wider range of color shades – purple, green



Applies to a wide range of beverage types









# Properties of **BROWN EXBERRY®** products

#### Product overview: Brown EXBERRY®



Product parameters: 8° Brix pH 3.0

Cold preserved Color 1



EXBERRY® Shade Golden Brown (0.17 %)



EXBERRY® Shade Autumn Brown (0.17 %)



EXBERRY® Shade Amber (0.31 %)



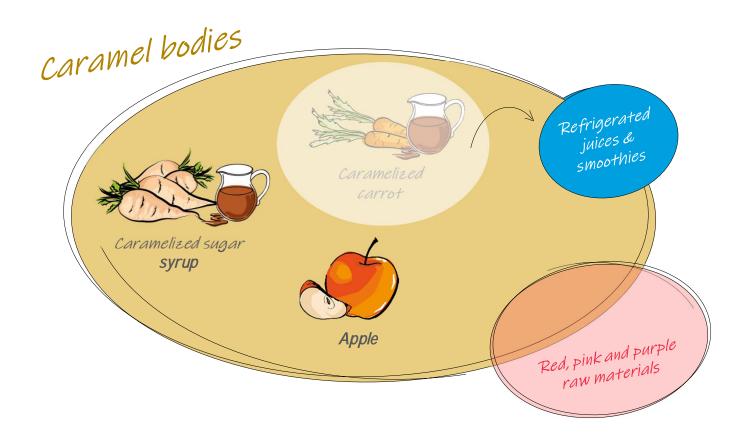
EXBERRY® Shade Chestnut Brown (0.34 %)

- All brown EXBERRY® products are completely water soluble.
- Color shades from light caramel brown to dark reddish browns.



# Pigments in Brown EXBERRY® raw materials

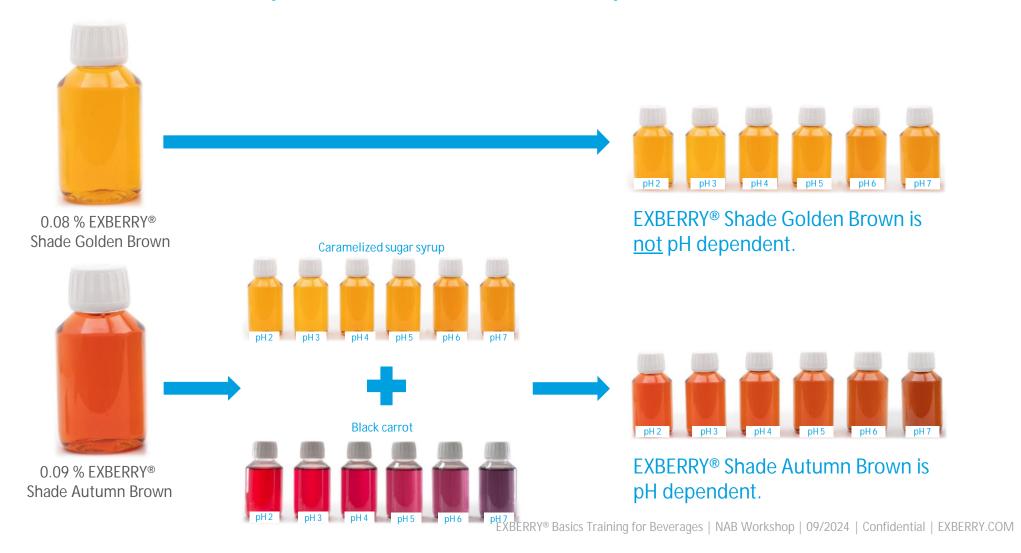
Suitability for acidic NAB







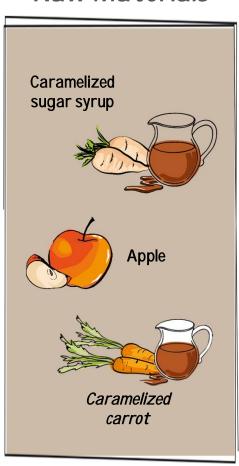
## Brown EXBERRY® products: Influence of pH value





### Brown EXBERRY® products: Color stability

#### Raw Materials



- Brown EXBERRY® products based on caramelized sugar syrup, apple and caramelized carrot are:
  - Light stable
  - Heat stable
  - pH independent







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